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## What is claimed is:

- 1. An apparatus for current balance in a multi-phase DC-to-DC converter having a converter output for providing an output voltage and a plurality of channels each configured for generating a channel current, said apparatus comprising:
  - a voltage sense circuit for sensing said output voltage and generating a voltage sense signal;
  - a plurality of current sense circuits each corresponding to one of said plurality of channels for sensing said channel current and generating a current sense signal for said corresponding channel;
  - a comparator for receiving said voltage sense signal and a reference signal and generating an error signal; and a plurality of multi-input pulse width modulators each for generating a PWM signal for regulating said channel current of said corresponding channel by a first input pair comparing said error signal with a ramp signal and one or more second input pair each comparing said current sense signal of said corresponding channel with each other of said plurality of current sense signals.
- 2. An apparatus according to claim 1 wherein each of said plurality of multi-input pulse width modulators comprises:
  - a current mirror including a reference branch and a mirror

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branch for generating a differential signal from said mirror branch:

- a first input stage including a positive input for receiving said
  error signal and a negative input for receiving said ramp
  signal, said positive and negative input corresponding
  to said reference branch and mirror branch
  respectively;
- one or more second input stage each including a positive input and a negative input corresponding to said reference branch and mirror branch respectively, each of said negative inputs receiving said current sense signal of said corresponding channel, each of said positive inputs receiving one of said plurality of current sense signals other than said current sense signal of said corresponding channel;
- a plurality of current sources each providing a bias current for one of said first and second input stages; and a gain stage for amplifying said differential signal.
- 3. An apparatus according to claim 1 wherein each of said plurality of multi-input pulse width modulators comprises:
  - a first and second load device connecting to a power supply for providing a positive and negative branch and generating a positive and negative branch signal respectively;
- a first input stage including a positive input for receiving said

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error signal and a negative input for receiving said ramp signal, said positive and negative input corresponding to said positive and negative branch respectively;

- one or more second input stage each including a positive input and a negative input corresponding to said positive and negative branch respectively, each of said negative inputs receiving said current sense signal of said corresponding channel, each of said positive inputs receiving one of said plurality of current sense signals other than said current sense signal of said corresponding channel;
- a plurality of current sources each providing a bias current for one of said first and second input stages; and
- a gain stage for amplifying a difference between said positive and negative branch signal.
- 4. An apparatus according to claim 1 wherein each of said plurality of current sense signals is a voltage type signal.
- 5. An apparatus according to claim 1 wherein each of said plurality of current sense signals is a current type signal.
- 6. An apparatus according to claim 1 wherein each of said plurality of current sense circuits includes a high-side and low-side transistor connected in series between a high-side and low-side

voltage for generating said current sense signal derived from an interconnection between said high-side and low-side transistor.

- 7. An apparatus for current balance in an N-phase DC-to-DC converter having a converter output for providing an output voltage and N channels each configured for generating a channel current, said apparatus comprising:
  - a voltage sense circuit for sensing said output voltage and generating a voltage sense signal;
  - N current sense circuits each corresponding to one of said N channels for sensing said channel current and generating a current sense signal for said corresponding channel;
  - a first comparator for receiving said voltage sense signal and a reference signal and generating an error signal;
  - N second comparators each for generating a combined signal by a negative input receiving N-1 times of said current sense signal of said corresponding channel and N positive inputs receiving said error signal and said N current sense signals other than said current sense signal of said corresponding channel; and
  - N pulse width modulators each for generating a PWM signal for regulating said channel current of said corresponding channel by receiving said combined signal and a ramp signal.

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- 8. An apparatus according to claim 7 wherein each of said pulse width modulators comprises:
  - a current mirror including a reference branch and a mirror branch for generating a differential signal from said mirror branch:
  - an input stage including a positive input for receiving said combined signal corresponding to said reference branch and a negative input for receiving said ramp signal corresponding to said mirror branch;
  - a current source for providing a bias current for said input stage; and
  - a gain stage for amplifying said differential signal.
- 9. An apparatus according to claim 7 wherein each of said pulse width modulators comprises:
  - a first and second load device connecting to a power supply for providing a positive and negative branch and generating a positive and negative branch signal respectively;
  - an input stage including a positive input for receiving said combined signal corresponding to said positive branch and a negative input for receiving said ramp signal corresponding to said negative branch;
  - a current source for providing a bias current for said input stage; and

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- a gain stage for amplifying a difference between said positive and negative branch signal.
- 10. An apparatus according to claim 7 wherein each of said second comparators comprises:
  - a first transistor for receiving said current sense signal of said corresponding channel;
  - N-1 second transistor for receiving said current sense signals other than said current sense signal of said corresponding channel respectively; and a common bias for said first and second transistors; wherein said first transistor is N-1 times of said second transistor in size.
- 11. An apparatus according to claim 7 wherein each of said current sense signals is a voltage type signal.
- 12. An apparatus according to claim 7 wherein each of said current sense signals is a current type signal.
- 13. An apparatus according to claim 7 wherein each of said current sense circuits includes a high-side and low-side transistor connected in series between a high-side and low-side voltage for generating said current sense signal derived from an interconnection between said high-side and low-side transistor.

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a voltage sense circuit for sensing said output voltage and generating a voltage sense signal;

- N current sense circuits each corresponding to one of said N channels for sensing said channel current and generating a current sense signal for said corresponding channel;
- a first comparator for receiving said voltage sense signal and a reference signal and generating an error signal;
- N second comparators each for generating a combined signal by a negative input receiving N times of said current sense signal of said corresponding channel and N+1 positive inputs receiving said error signal and said N current sense signals; and
- N pulse width modulators each for generating a PWM signal for regulating said channel current of said corresponding channel by receiving said combined signal and a ramp signal.
- 15. An apparatus according to claim 14 wherein each of said pulse width modulators comprises:

- a current mirror including a reference branch and a mirror branch for generating a differential signal from said mirror branch:
- an input stage including a positive input for receiving said
  combined signal corresponding to said reference branch
  and a negative input for receiving said ramp signal
  corresponding to said mirror branch;
- a current source for providing a bias current for said input stage; and
- a gain stage for amplifying said differential signal.
- 16. An apparatus according to claim 14 wherein each of said pulse width modulators comprises:
  - a first and second load device connecting to a power supply for providing a positive and negative branch and generating a positive and negative branch signal respectively;
  - an input stage including a positive input for receiving said

    combined signal corresponding to said positive branch

    and a negative input for receiving said ramp signal

    corresponding to said negative branch;
  - a current source for providing a bias current for said input stage; and
  - a gain stage for amplifying a difference between said positive and negative branch signal.

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- 17. An apparatus according to claim 14 wherein each of said second comparators comprises:
  - a first transistor for receiving said current sense signal of said corresponding channel;
  - N second transistor for receiving said current sense signals respectively; and
  - a common bias for said first and second transistors; wherein said first transistor is N times of said second transistor in size.
- 18. An apparatus according to claim 14 wherein each of said current sense signals is a voltage type signal.
- 19. An apparatus according to claim 14 wherein each of said current sense signals is a current type signal.
- 20. An apparatus according to claim 14 wherein each of said current sense circuits includes a high-side and low-side transistor connected in series between a high-side and low-side voltage for generating said current sense signal derived from an interconnection between said high-side and low-side transistor.
- 21. An apparatus for current balance in an N-phase DC-to-DC converter having a converter output for providing an output voltage and N channels each configured for generating a channel current,

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said apparatus comprising:

- a voltage sense circuit for sensing said output voltage and generating a voltage sense signal;
- N current sense circuits each corresponding to one of said channels for sensing said channel current and generating a current sense signal for said corresponding channel;
- a first comparator for receiving said voltage sense signal and a reference signal and generating an error signal;
- N second comparators each for generating a combined signal by subtracting N-1 times of said current sense signal of said corresponding channel from said error signal and current sense signals other than said current sense signal of said corresponding channel; and
- N pulse width modulators each for generating a PWM signal for regulating said channel current of said corresponding channel by receiving said combined signal and a ramp signal.
- 22. An apparatus according to claim 21 wherein each of said pulse width modulators comprises:
  - a current mirror including a reference branch and a mirror branch for generating a differential signal from said mirror branch;
  - an input stage including a positive input for receiving said

combined signal corresponding to said reference branch and a negative input for receiving said ramp signal corresponding to said mirror branch:

- a current source for providing a bias current for said input stage; and
- a gain stage for amplifying said differential signal.
- 23. An apparatus according to claim 21 wherein each of said pulse width modulators comprises:
  - a first and second load device connecting to a power supply for providing a positive and negative branch and generating a positive and negative branch signal respectively;
  - an input stage including a positive input for receiving said

    combined signal corresponding to said positive branch

    and a negative input for receiving said ramp signal

    corresponding to said negative branch;
  - a current source for providing a bias current for said input stage; and
  - a gain stage for amplifying a difference between said positive and negative branch signal.
- 24. An apparatus according to claim 21 wherein each of said second comparators comprises:
  - a first transistor for receiving said current sense signal of said corresponding channel;

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- N-1 second transistor for receiving said current sense signals other than said current sense signal of said corresponding channel respectively; and a common bias for said first and second transistors; wherein said first transistor is N-1 times of said second transistor in size.
- 25. An apparatus according to claim 21 wherein each of said second comparators comprises;
  - a first transistor for receiving said current sense signal of said corresponding channel;
  - $\ensuremath{N}$  second transistor for receiving said current sense signals  $\ensuremath{\text{respectively;}} \ensuremath{\text{and}}$
  - a common bias for said first and second transistors;
    wherein said first transistor is N times of said second
    transistor in size
- 26. An apparatus according to claim 21 wherein each of said current sense signals is a voltage type signal.
- 27. An apparatus according to claim 21 wherein each of said current sense signals is a current type signal.
- 28. An apparatus according to claim 21 wherein each of said current sense circuits includes a high-side and low-side transistor

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connected in series between a high-side and low-side voltage for generating said current sense signal derived from an interconnection between said high-side and low-side transistor.

29. A method for current balance in a multi-phase DC-to-DC converter having a converter output for providing an output voltage and a plurality of channels each configured for generating a channel current, said method comprising the steps of:

sensing said output voltage to thereby determine a voltage sense signal;

sensing each of said plurality of channel currents to thereby determine a plurality of current sense signals;

comparing said voltage sense signal with a reference signal to thereby determine an error signal;

generating a plurality of PWM signals by a plurality of multi-input pulse width modulators each comparing said error signal with a ramp signal and one of said plurality of current sense signals with each other of said plurality of current sense signals; and

regulating said channel currents with said plurality of PWM signals.

 $\mbox{30. A method according to claim 29 further comprising the steps of:} \label{eq:30. A method according to claim 29 further comprising the steps of:}$ 

connecting a high-side and low-side transistor in series

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between a high-side and low-side voltage; and deriving from an interconnection between said high-side and low-side transistor to thereby determine said current sense signal.

31. A method for current balance in a multi-phase DC-to-DC converter having a converter output for providing an output voltage and a plurality of channels each configured for generating a channel current, said method comprising the steps of:

sensing said output voltage to thereby determine a voltage sense signal;

sensing each of said plurality of channel currents to thereby determine a plurality of current sense signals;

comparing said voltage sense signal with a reference signal to thereby determine an error signal;

further comparing said error signal with a ramp signal to thereby determine a first differential signal:

generating a plurality of second differential signals each by comparing a respective one of said plurality of current sense signals with each other of said plurality of current sense signals:

summing said first and second differential signals to thereby determine a respective combined differential signal;

generating a plurality of PWM signals each responsive to said respective combined differential signal; and

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regulating said channel currents with said plurality of PWM signals.

32. A method according to claim 31 further comprising the steps of:

connecting a high-side and low-side transistor in series

between a high-side and low-side voltage; and
deriving from an interconnection between said high-side and
low-side transistor to thereby determine said current
sense signal.

- 33. A method according to claim 31 further comprising the steps of amplifying said respective combined differential signal.
- 34. A method for current balance in an N-phase DC-to-DC converter having a converter output for providing an output voltage and N channels each configured for generating a channel current, said method comprising the steps of:

sensing said output voltage to thereby determine a voltage sense signal;

sensing each of said channel currents to thereby determine N current sense signals;

comparing said voltage sense signal with a reference signal to thereby determine an error signal;

generating N PWM signals each derived from a respective

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differential signal produced by subtracting a ramp signal and N-1 times of a respective one of said current sense signals from a summation of said error signal and each other of said plurality of current sense signals; and regulating said channel currents with said N PWM signals.

35. A method according to claim 34 further comprising the steps of :

connecting a high-side and low-side transistor in series
between a high-side and low-side voltage; and
deriving from an interconnection between said high-side and
low-side transistor to thereby determine said current
sense signal.

36. A method according to claim 34 further comprising the steps of amplifying said respective differential signal.

37. A method for current balance in an N-phase DC-to-DC converter having a converter output for providing an output voltage and N channels each configured for generating a channel current, said method comprising the steps of:

sensing said output voltage to thereby determine a voltage sense signal;

sensing each of said channel currents to thereby determine N current sense signals;

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comparing said voltage sense signal with a reference signal to thereby determine an error signal;

subtracting N-1 times of a respective one of said current sense signals from a summation of said error signal and each other of said plurality of current sense signals to thereby determine a respective combined signal; generating N PWM signals each derived from a respective differential signal produced by comparing said respective combined signal with a ramp signal; and regulating said channel currents with said PWM signals.

38. A method according to claim 37 further comprising the steps of :

connecting a high-side and low-side transistor in series
between a high-side and low-side voltage; and
deriving from an interconnection between said high-side and
low-side transistor to thereby determine said current
sense signal.

39. A method according to claim 37 further comprising the steps of amplifying said respective differential signal.